

Non-local effects in exclusive $b \rightarrow s\ell\ell$ decays

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Motivation

Experimental measurements on $b \rightarrow s\ell\ell$

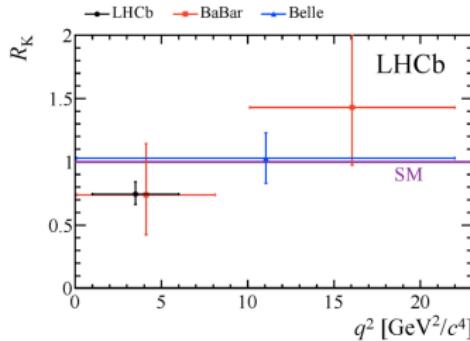
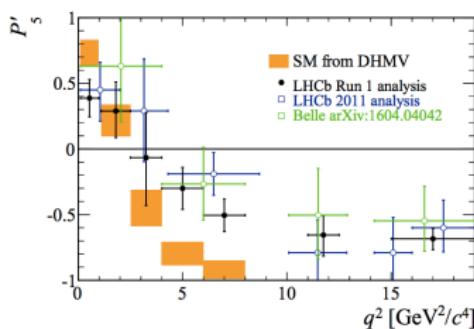
- ▶ LHCb measurements $B \rightarrow K\mu\mu, B \rightarrow K^*\mu\mu, B_s \rightarrow \phi\mu\mu$
- ▶ Analogous measurements by Belle, ATLAS and CMS
- ▶ Lepton-Flavor Non-Universality

Raised a lot of interest, lot of work from theory + experiment

- ▶ Mostly: Interest in "Anomalies" and New Physics
- ▶ Here: strive to get a better handle on hadronic matrix elements of non-local operators

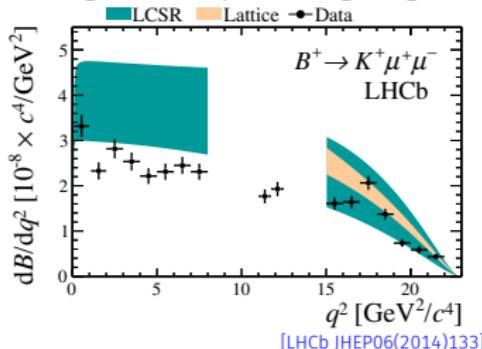
Motivation

Intriguing "anomalies" in some observables

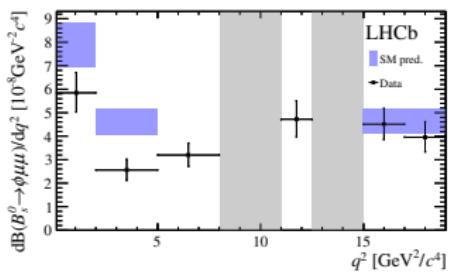


[Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 151601 (2014)]

Less significant yet intriguing deviations in branching ratios



[LHCb JHEP06(2014)133]

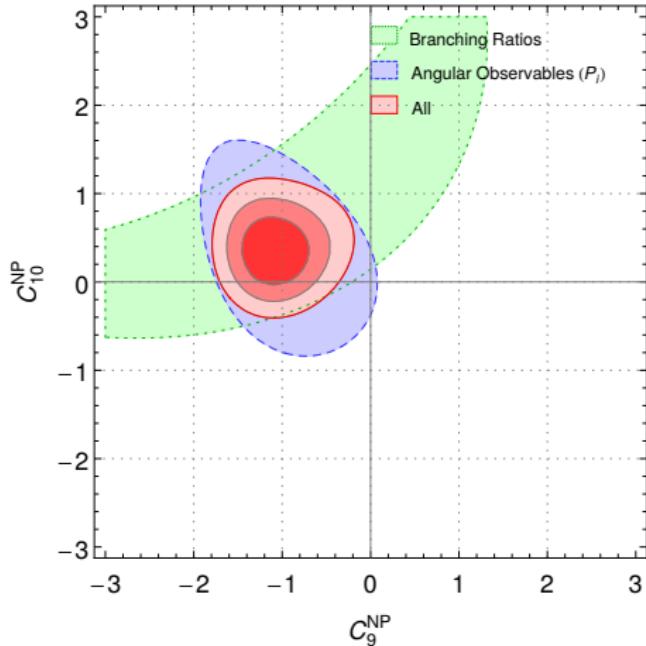


[LHCb JHEP09(2015)179]

Motivation

Significant SM pulls in global fits

[Descotes-Genon, Hofer, Matias, Virto 2015 + others]



Significance already at the level of $\sim 5\sigma$ *****

Effective Theory ($b \rightarrow s$, but analogous $b \rightarrow d$)

For $\Lambda_{\text{EW}}, \Lambda_{\text{NP}} \gg M_B$: Flavour and CP mediated by $D = 6$ ops :

$$\mathcal{L}_W = \mathcal{L}_{\text{QCD}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{QED}} + \frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\lambda_t \sum_i \mathcal{C}_i \mathcal{O}_i + \lambda_c \sum_i \mathcal{C}_i^c \mathcal{O}_i^c + \lambda_u \sum_i \mathcal{C}_i^u \mathcal{O}_i^u \right]$$

$$\mathcal{O}_7 = \frac{e}{16\pi^2} m_b (\bar{s} \sigma^{\mu\nu} P_R b) F_{\mu\nu} \quad \mathcal{O}_8 = \frac{g_s}{16\pi^2} m_b (\bar{s} \sigma^{\mu\nu} P_R T^A b) G_{\mu\nu}^A$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{9\ell} = \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} (\bar{s} \gamma_\mu P_L b) (\bar{\ell} \gamma^\mu \ell) \quad \mathcal{O}_{10\ell} = \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} (\bar{s} \gamma_\mu P_L b) (\bar{\ell} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \ell)$$

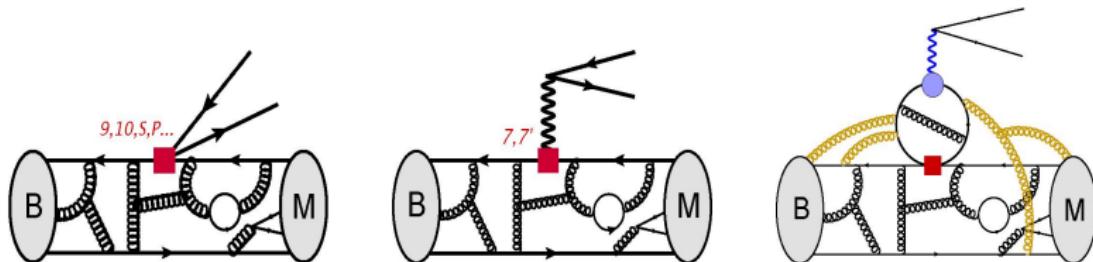
$$\mathcal{O}_1^c = (\bar{c} \gamma_\mu P_L b) (\bar{s} \gamma^\mu P_L c) \quad \mathcal{O}_2^c = (\bar{c} \gamma_\mu P_L T^a b) (\bar{s} \gamma^\mu P_L T^a c)$$

$$\mathcal{O}_1^u = (\bar{u} \gamma_\mu P_L b) (\bar{s} \gamma^\mu P_L u) \quad \mathcal{O}_2^u = (\bar{u} \gamma_\mu P_L T^a b) (\bar{s} \gamma^\mu P_L T^a u)$$

$$\mathcal{O}_i = (\bar{s} \gamma_\mu P_X b) \sum_q (\bar{q} \gamma^\mu q)$$

SM contributions to $\mathcal{C}_i(\mu_b)$ known to NNLL [Bobeth, Misiak, Urban '99; Misiak, Steinhauser '04, Gorbahn, Haisch '04; Gorbahn, Haisch, Misiak '05; Czakon, Haisch, Misiak '06]

$B \rightarrow M\ell\ell$ Amplitudes



$$\mathcal{A}_\lambda^{L,R} = \mathcal{N}_\lambda \left\{ (C_9 \mp C_{10}) \mathcal{F}_\lambda(q^2) + \frac{2m_b M_B}{q^2} \left[C_7 \mathcal{F}_\lambda^T(q^2) - 16\pi^2 \frac{M_B}{m_b} \mathcal{H}_\lambda(q^2) \right] \right\}$$

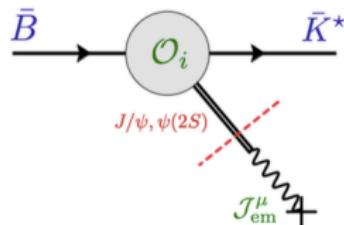
- ▶ Local (Form Factors) : $\mathcal{F}_\lambda^{(T)}(q^2) = \langle \bar{M}_\lambda(k) | \bar{s} \Gamma_\lambda^{(T)} b | \bar{B}(k+q) \rangle$
- ▶ Non-Local : $\mathcal{H}_\lambda(q^2) = i \mathcal{P}_\mu^\lambda \int d^4x e^{iq \cdot x} \langle \bar{M}_\lambda(k) | T\{\mathcal{J}_{em}^\mu(x), \mathcal{C}_i \mathcal{O}_i(0)\} | \bar{B}(q+k) \rangle$
- ▶ CKM structure : $\mathcal{H}_\lambda = -\frac{\lambda_u}{\lambda_t} \mathcal{H}_\lambda^{(u)} - \frac{\lambda_c}{\lambda_t} \mathcal{H}_\lambda^{(c)}$

Lorentz Decomposition

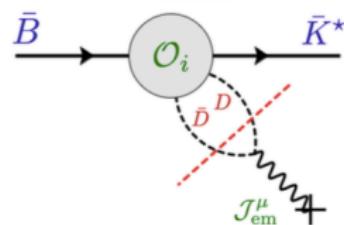
$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{H}^\mu(q, k) &\equiv i \int d^4x e^{iq \cdot x} \langle \bar{K}^*(k, \eta) | T\{\mathcal{J}_{\text{em}}^\mu(x), \mathcal{C}_i \mathcal{O}_i(0)\} | \bar{B}(k+q) \rangle \\ &\equiv M_B^2 \eta_\alpha^* \left[S_\perp^{\alpha\mu} \mathcal{H}_\perp(q^2) - S_{||}^{\alpha\mu} \mathcal{H}_{||}(q^2) - S_0^{\alpha\mu} \mathcal{H}_0(q^2) \right]\end{aligned}$$

- $S_\lambda^{\alpha\mu}$ – basis of Lorentz structures (carefully chosen)
- \mathcal{H}_λ – Lorentz invariant correlation functions
- λ – polarization states ($\perp, ||, 0$) [for vector meson]

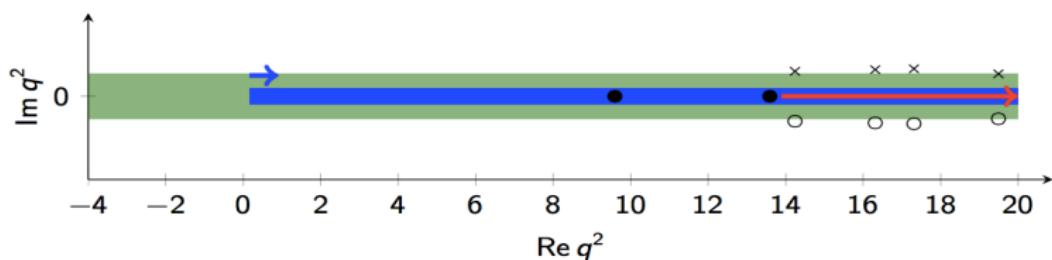
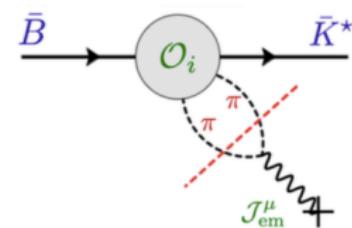
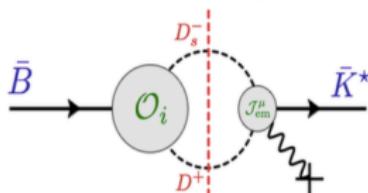
Analytic structure



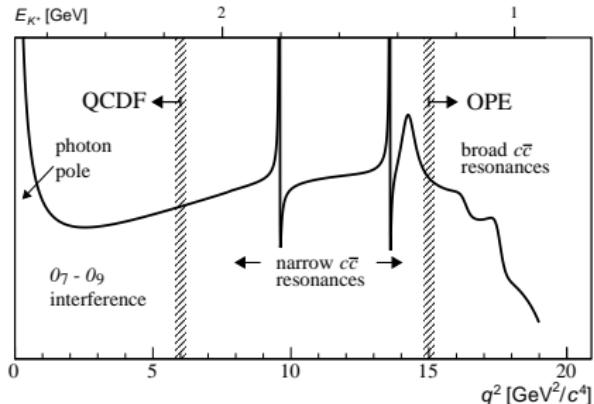
(a)



(b)



Strategy



[sketch from Blake, Gershon, Hiller 2015]

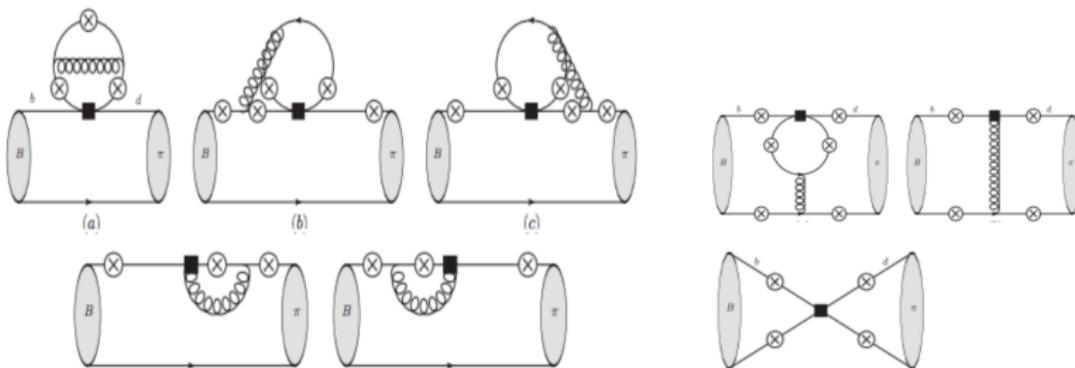
- ▶ Calculate non-local ME at negative q^2
- ▶ Extrapolate to $q^2 > 0$ via some type of analytic continuation
- ▶ Constrain two narrow resonances at $q^2 > 0$ from data on $B \rightarrow \psi_n K^*$

Calculations at negative q^2

► QCD Factorization

[Beneke, Feldmann, Seidel 2001 & 2004]

$$\mathcal{H}_\lambda = C_\lambda \mathcal{F}_\lambda + \sum_{\pm} \int \frac{d\omega}{\omega} \Phi_\pm^B(\omega) \int_0^1 du T_\lambda^\pm(u, \omega) \phi_M^\pm(u) + \mathcal{O}(\Lambda/m_B, \Lambda/E)$$

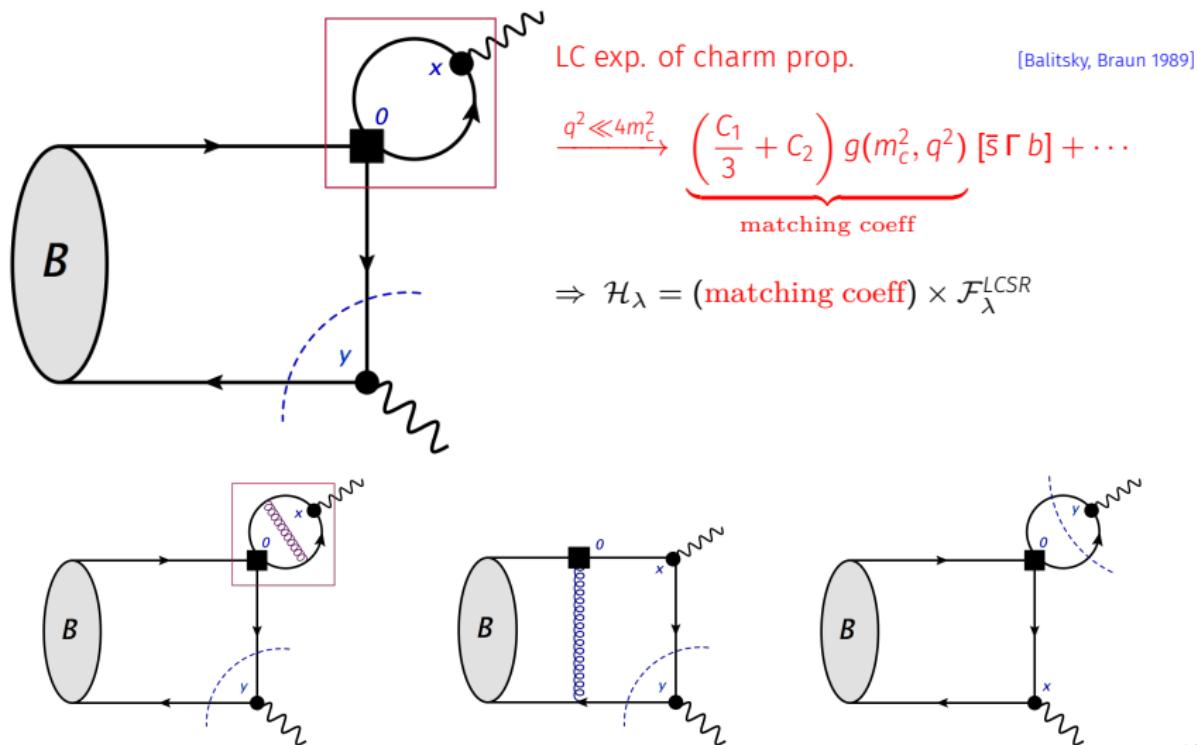


$$\mathcal{H}_\lambda(q^2) = \mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{fact,LO}}(q^2) + \mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{fact,NLO}}(q^2) + \mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{spect}}(q^2) + \mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{WA}}(q^2) + \dots$$

Calculations at negative q^2

► LCSR with B -meson DAs

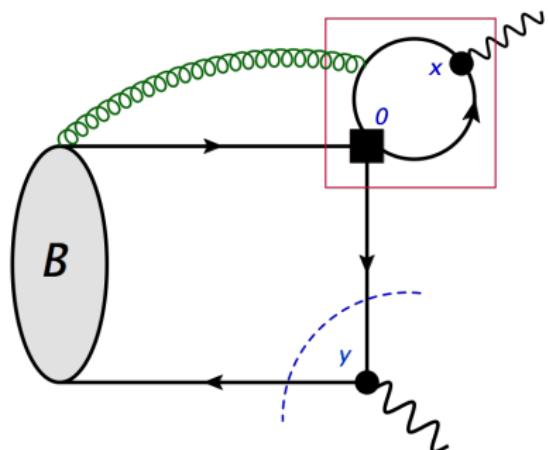
[Khodjamirian, Mannel, Pivovarov, Wang 2010]



Calculations at negative q^2

► LCSR with B -meson DAs

[Khodjamirian, Mannel, Pivovarov, Wang 2010]



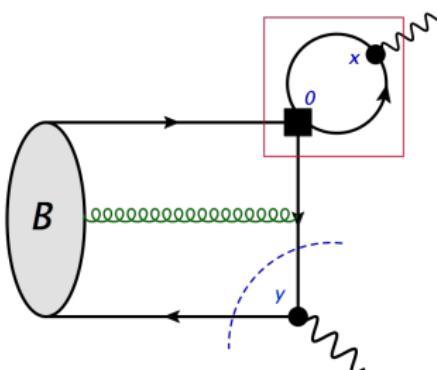
LC exp. of charm prop.

[Balitsky, Braun 1989]

$$q^2 \ll 4m_c^2 \rightarrow \underbrace{\left(\frac{C_1}{3} + C_2 \right) g(m_c^2, q^2) [\bar{s} \Gamma b] +}_{\text{matching coeff}}$$

$$+ (\text{coeff}) \times [\bar{s}_L \gamma^\alpha (in_+ \cdot \mathcal{D})^n \tilde{G}_{\beta\gamma} b_L] + \dots$$

3-particle correction to $\mathcal{F}_\lambda \longrightarrow$



Calculations at negative q^2

- At the end of the day

$$\mathcal{H}_\lambda(q^2) = \mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{fact},\text{LO}}(q^2) + \mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{fact},\text{NLO}}(q^2) + \mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{spect}}(q^2) + \mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{WA}}(q^2) + \\ + \mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{soft}}(q^2) + \mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{soft},O_8}(q^2) + \dots$$

- $\mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{soft}}$ and $\mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{fact},\text{LO}}$ cancel to large extent
- $\mathcal{H}_{\lambda;\text{soft},O_8}$ contributions negligible

Accessing $q^2 > 0$: dispersion relations

Dispersion relation relating $\mathcal{H}(q_0^2 < 0)$ to $\mathcal{H}(q^2 > 0)$

[Khodjamirian, Mannel, Pivovarov, Wang 2010] [Hambrock, Khodjamirian, Rusov 2015]

$$\mathcal{H}^{(p)}(q^2) - \mathcal{H}^{(p)}(q_0^2) = (q^2 - q_0^2) \left[\sum_V \frac{f_V \mathcal{A}^p(B \rightarrow VM)}{(m_V^2 - q_0^2)(m_V^2 - q^2 - im_V \Gamma_V^{\text{tot}})} \right. \\ \left. (p = u, c) + \int_{s_h}^{\infty} ds \frac{\rho_h^{(p)}(s)}{(s^2 - q_0^2)(s - q^2 - i\epsilon)} \right]$$

- ▶ $V = \rho, \omega, \phi, J/\psi, \psi(2S)$
- ▶ For $b \rightarrow s \Rightarrow$ Neglect λ_u and OZI suppressed contributions
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{A}^c(B \rightarrow VM_s) \sim \mathcal{A}(B \rightarrow \psi_n M_s)$ can be determined from data.
- ▶ For $b \rightarrow d$ both $\mathcal{A}^{u,c}(B \rightarrow VM)$ important \Rightarrow Need extra theory input (QCDF)
- ▶ Light-hadron spectral density \Rightarrow QH-Duality
- ▶ Open-charm spectral density $\simeq a_p + b_p \frac{q^2}{4m_D^2}$ (expansion for $q^2 < m_{J/\psi}^2$)

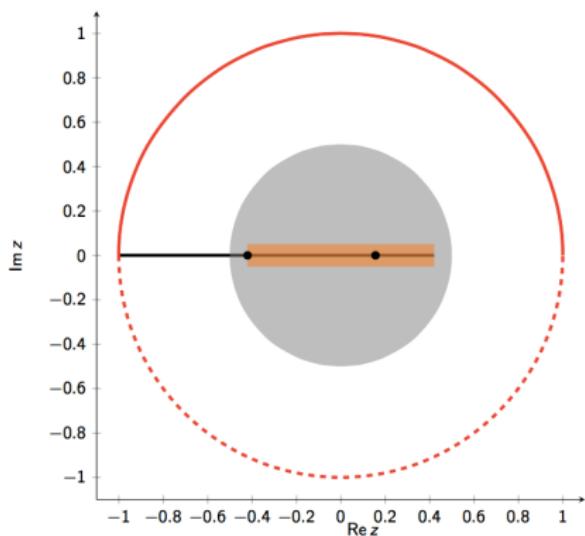
Accessing $q^2 > 0$: z expansion [$B \rightarrow K^* \ell \ell$]

Ansatz in z valid below the $D\bar{D}$ threshold

[Bobeth, Chrzaszcz, van Dyk, Virto 2017]

Motivated by "z-parametrization" of form factors. [Boyd et al '94, Bourely et al '08]

1. Extract the poles : $\hat{\mathcal{H}}_\lambda(q^2) = (q^2 - M_{J/\psi}^2)(q^2 - M_{\psi(2S)}^2) \mathcal{H}_\lambda(q^2)$



2. $\hat{\mathcal{H}}_\lambda(q^2)$ is analytic except for $D\bar{D}$ cut.
3. Perform conformal mapping $q^2 \mapsto z(q^2)$.
4. $\hat{\mathcal{H}}_\lambda(z)$ analytic within unit circle.
5. Taylor expand $\hat{\mathcal{H}}_\lambda(z)$ around $z = 0$.
6. Good convergence expected since $|z| < 0.52$ for $-7 \text{ GeV}^2 \leq q^2 \leq 14 \text{ GeV}^2$

Some details for actual parametrisation

[Bobeth, Chrzaszcz, van Dyk, Virto 2017]

- ▶ Try to capture most features of the expansion (better convergence)
- ▶ Parametrize the ratios $\mathcal{H}_\lambda(q^2)/\mathcal{F}_\lambda(q^2)$ instead
- ▶ The poles should not modify the asymptotic behaviour at $|q^2| \rightarrow \infty$

$$\mathcal{H}_\lambda(z) = \frac{1 - z z_{J/\psi}^*}{z - z_{J/\psi}} \frac{1 - z z_{\psi(2S)}^*}{z - z_{\psi(2S)}} \hat{\mathcal{H}}_\lambda(z)$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{H}}_\lambda(z) = \left[\sum_{k=0}^K \alpha_k^{(\lambda)} z^k \right] \mathcal{F}_\lambda(z)$$

where $\alpha_k^{(\lambda)}$ are complex coefficients, and the expansion is truncated after the term z^K . We will take $K = 2$ (16 real parameters).

- ▶ The modified EOS source code is available upon request (public repo and web page should be updated soon!)

Experimental constraints

[Bobeth, Chrzaszcz, van Dyk, Virto 2017]

- The residues of the poles are given by $B \rightarrow K^* \psi_n$:

$$\mathcal{H}_\lambda(q^2 \rightarrow M_{\psi_n}^2) \sim \frac{M_{\psi_n} f_{\psi_n}^* \mathcal{A}_\lambda^{\psi_n}}{M_B^2(q^2 - M_{\psi_n}^2)} + \dots$$

- Angular analyses determine

[Belle, Babar, LHCb]

$$|r_\perp^{\psi_n}|, |r_\parallel^{\psi_n}|, |r_0^{\psi_n}|, \arg\{r_\perp^{\psi_n} r_0^{\psi_n*}\}, \arg\{r_\parallel^{\psi_n} r_0^{\psi_n*}\},$$

$$\text{where } r_\lambda^{\psi_n} \equiv \underset{q^2 \rightarrow M_{\psi_n}^2}{\text{Res}} \frac{\mathcal{H}_\lambda(q^2)}{\mathcal{F}_\lambda(q^2)} \sim \frac{M_{\psi_n} f_{\psi_n}^* \mathcal{A}_\lambda^{\psi_n}}{M_B^2 \mathcal{F}_\lambda(M_{\psi_n}^2)}$$

- We produce correlated pseudo-observables from a fit (5+5).

Prior Fit to z parametrisation $[B \rightarrow K^*\ell\ell]$

(Prior) Fit to Experimental and theoretical pseudo-observables

[Bobeth, Chrzaszcz, van Dyk, Virto 2017]

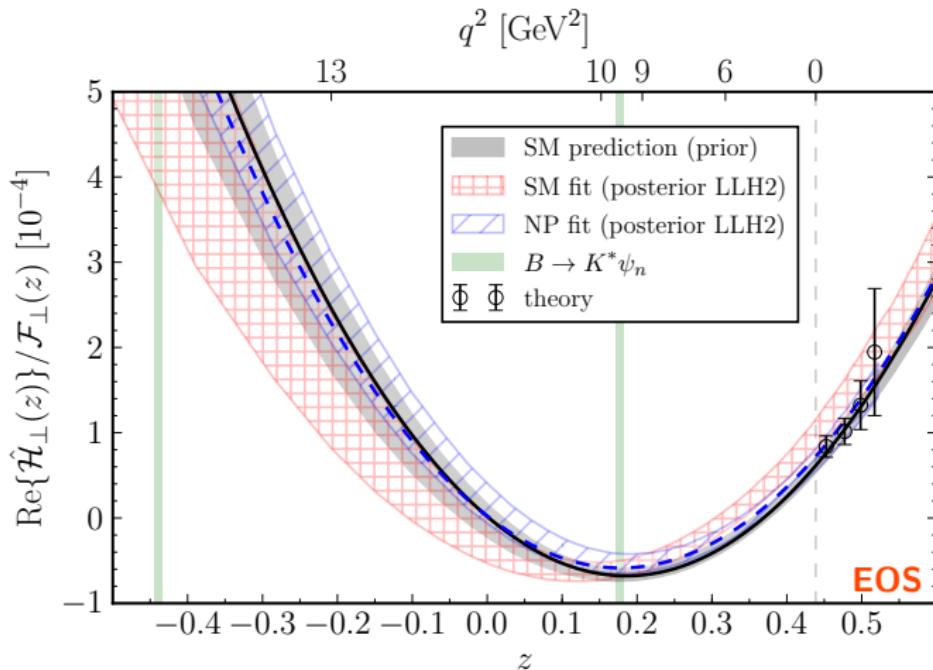
k	0	1	2
$\text{Re}[\alpha_k^{(\perp)}]$	-0.06 ± 0.21	-6.77 ± 0.27	18.96 ± 0.59
$\text{Re}[\alpha_k^{(\parallel)}]$	-0.35 ± 0.62	-3.13 ± 0.41	12.20 ± 1.34
$\text{Re}[\alpha_k^{(0)}]$	0.05 ± 1.52	17.26 ± 1.64	-
$\text{Im}[\alpha_k^{(\perp)}]$	-0.21 ± 2.25	1.17 ± 3.58	-0.08 ± 2.24
$\text{Im}[\alpha_k^{(\parallel)}]$	-0.04 ± 3.67	-2.14 ± 2.46	6.03 ± 2.50
$\text{Im}[\alpha_k^{(0)}]$	-0.05 ± 4.99	4.29 ± 3.14	-

Table 1: Mean values and standard deviations (in units of 10^{-4}) of the prior PDF for the parameters $\alpha_k^{(\lambda)}$.

Prior Fit to z parametrisation $[B \rightarrow K^*\ell\ell]$

(Prior) Fit to Experimental and theoretical pseudo-observables

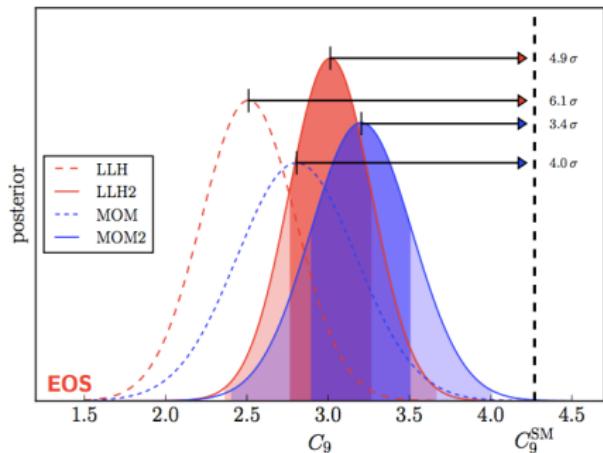
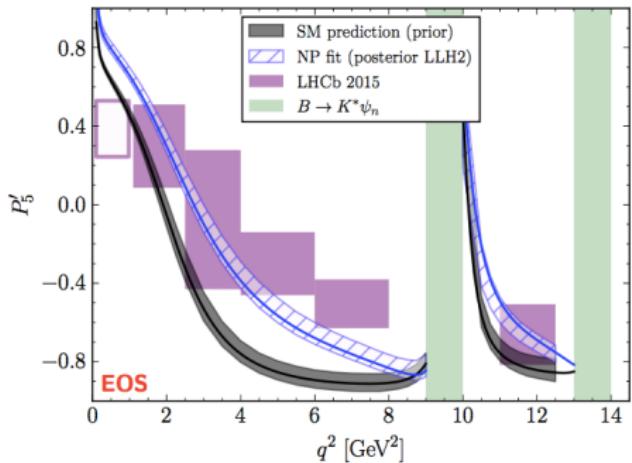
[Bobeth, Chrzaszcz, van Dyk, Virto 2017]



New Physics Analysis $[B \rightarrow K^* \ell \ell]$

SM predictions and Fit including $B \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$ data and $\mathcal{C}_9^{\text{NP}}$

[Bobeth, Chrzaszcz, van Dyk, Virto 2017]



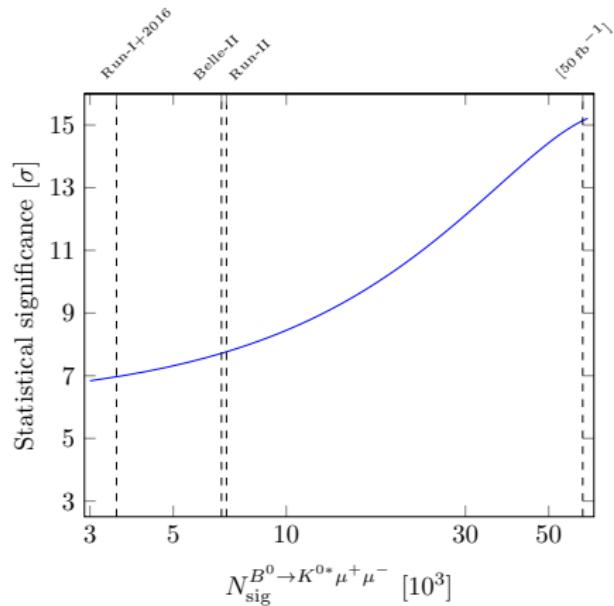
The NP hypothesis with $\mathcal{C}_9^{\text{NP}} \sim -1$ is strongly favoured by the fit

- ▶ pulls $> 3.4\sigma$ in 1D posterior of the parameter
- ▶ posterior odds (for some fits strongly) in favour of NP interpretation

Sensitivity to New Physics in \mathcal{C}_9 in $B \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$ from an unbinned fit

[Chrzaszcz, Mauri, Serra, Silva Coutinho, van Dyk w.i.p]

Preliminary



- ▶ Use $\mathcal{C}_9^{\text{NP}} = -1$ as benchmark point
- ▶ Use theory inputs exactly as in pheno analysis [Bobeth, Chrzaszcz, van Dyk, Virto 2017]
- ▶ Sensitivity to higher order in z
- ▶ Sensitivity to z coefficients in absence of theory priors!!

Summary

- ▶ Non-local effects are half of the amplitude. Must include them!
- ▶ Technically challenging, but good advances since 2001
- ▶ Theory calculations most reliable at spacelike q^2
 - ▷ QCD Factorization [Beneke, Feldmann, Seidel 2001 & 2004]
 - ▷ LCSR [Khodjamirian, Mannel, Pivovarov, Wang 2010]
- ▶ Access timelike q^2 via dispersion relations or z-parametrizations
 - ▷ Global analyses to exploit parametrical correlations
 - ▷ Experimental colleagues have begun work to incorporate z-parametrization in their analyses
- ▶ Did not discuss large q^2 !!

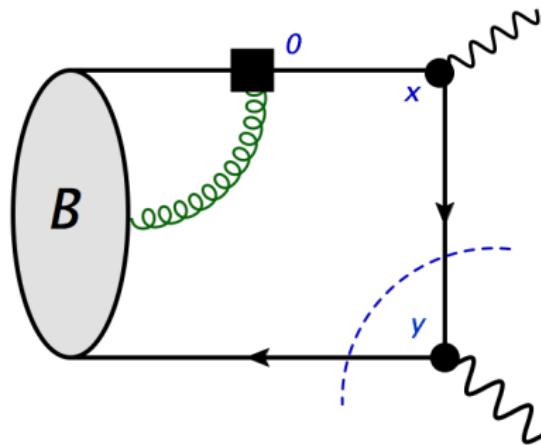
Backup slides

Calculations at negative q^2

► LCSR with B -meson DAs

[Khodjamirian, Mannel, Wang 2012]

Soft gluon correction to O_8 contribution



Simpler calculation than charm-loop

Numerically very small

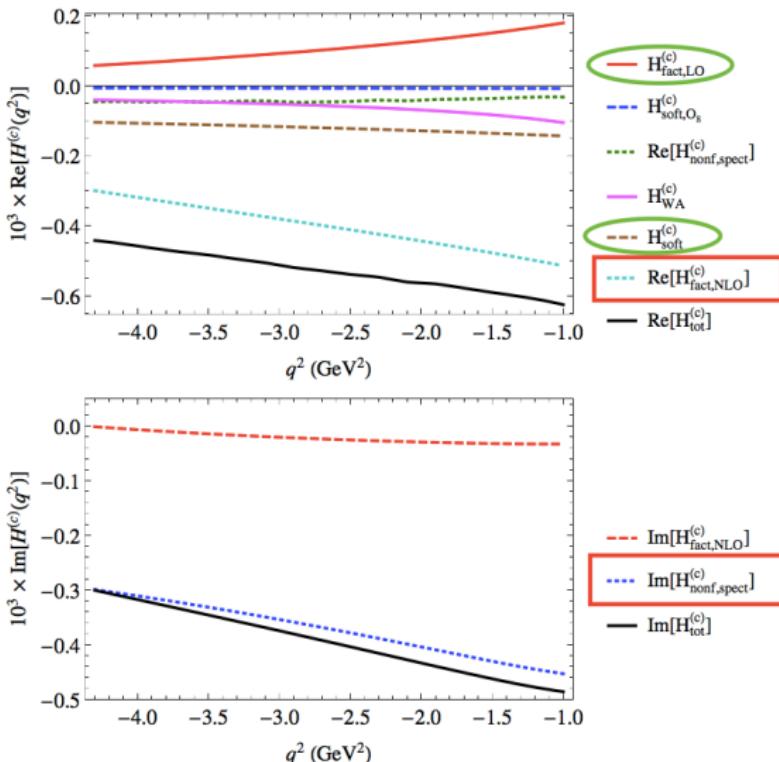
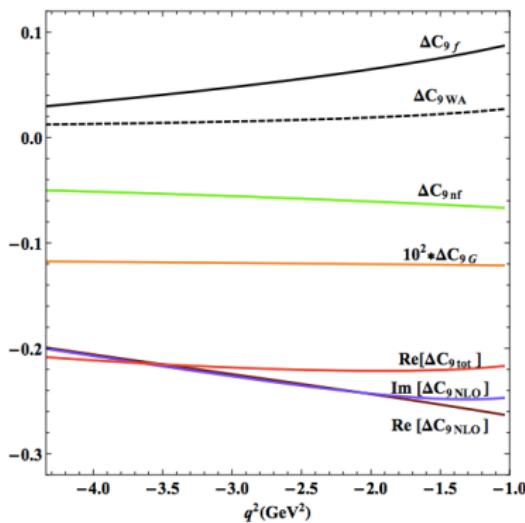
Calculations at negative q^2

► Results for $\mathcal{H}^{(c)}$

[Khodjamirian, Mannel, Wang 2012], [Hambrock, Khodjamirian, Rusov 2015]

$$B^- \rightarrow \pi^- \ell \ell \longrightarrow$$

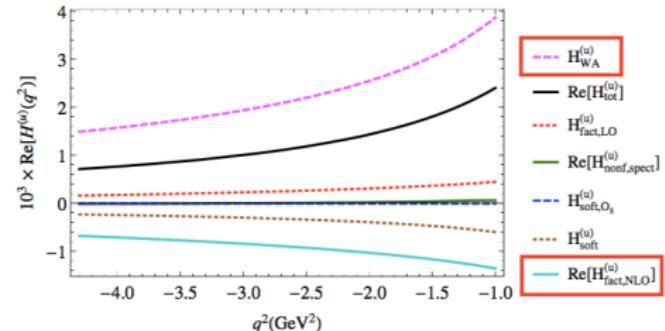
$$B^- \rightarrow K^- \ell \ell$$



Calculations at negative q^2

► Results for $\mathcal{H}^{(u)}$

$$B^- \rightarrow \pi^- \ell\ell$$



[Hambrock, Khodjamirian, Rusov 2015]

$$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \ell\ell$$

